
Housing Trust Fund Home Repair Manual



South Carolina State Housing Finance and
Development Authority

Effective August 12, 2024

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Housing Trust Fund Overview

The South Carolina Housing Trust Fund (HTF) is a state-funded program administered by SC Housing that is designed to provide financial assistance in the development and preservation of safe, decent, sanitary, and affordable housing for low-income households within the State of South Carolina. The HTF accelerates the state's response to the production of affordable housing through innovative financing used by the nonprofit, municipal, and private sectors. It builds partnerships among government, qualified nonprofits, for-profits, municipalities, and those in need of affordable housing. It strives to maximize the utilization of federal, state, and/or other housing assistance programs in leveraging other public and private resources in creating additional affordable housing units.

General Definitions

Application – The completed forms, schedules, attachments, and any additional documentation requested in the HTF application package.

Asbestos - The asbestiform varieties of serpentinite (chrysotile), riebeckite (crocidolite), cummingtonite-grunerite (amosite), anthophyllite, and actinolite-tremolite.

Asbestos Project - Any activity that does not meet exemption criteria as defined by DHEC that is associated with abatement including inspection, design, air monitoring, in-place management, encapsulation, enclosure, renovation, repair, removal, any disturbance of regulated asbestos-containing materials (RACM), and demolition of a facility. The testing and remediation of asbestos is an eligible expense for projects that are determined not exempt from asbestos regulatory requirements.

Asbestos Regulations – are located on the SC Department of Health and Environmental Control’s (DHEC) website at: <https://scdhec.gov/environment/your-home/asbestos/asbestos-regulations>

- Regulation 61-86.1, Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Asbestos Standard, 1926.1101
- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP - Asbestos)

Beneficiary – The person or persons that legally own(s) the property to be rehabilitated and occupies it as their primary residence.

Change Order – A request to change a project that has received an approved initial inspection by an SC Housing inspector. Such changes include but are not limited to, any change to the Work Write-up, a change in Contractor, or Subcontractor, etc.

Contractor – The contractor selected for the project who must meet the contractor standards outlined in this manual.

Deed of Distribution – A document from the Probate Court that releases the real property from a decedent’s estate to those who inherit it. The Deed of Distribution must be recorded with the Register of Deeds or the Clerk of Court in the county in which the property is located.

Disabled Person - means a household composed of one or more persons, at least one of whom is an adult, who has a disability.

1. A person is considered to have a disability if the person has a physical, mental, or emotional impairment that:
 - a. Is expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration;
 - b. Substantially impedes his or her ability to live independently; and
 - c. Is of such a nature that such ability could be improved by more suitable housing conditions.
2. A person will also be considered to have a disability if he or she has a developmental disability, which is a severe, chronic disability that:
 - a. Is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental and physical impairments;
 - b. Is manifested before the person attains age 22;
 - c. Is likely to continue indefinitely;
 - d. Results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care, receptive and expressive language, learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity for independent living, and economic self-sufficiency; and
 - e. Reflects the person's need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic care, treatment, or other services that are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this definition, the term “person with

disabilities” includes two or more persons with disabilities living together, one or more such persons living with another person who is determined to be important to their care or well-being, and the surviving member or members of any household described in the first sentence of this definition who were living, in a unit assisted with HOME funds, with the deceased member of the household at the time of his or her death.

Elderly - A person sixty-two (62) years of age or older.

Financial Commitment - An executed letter, contract, or agreement from a funding source verifying that the Sponsor or Homeowner/Beneficiary has a commitment of funds for the project. The commitment letter must include: (a) the amount of funds being provided; (b) any conditions for receiving the funds; (c) expiration of the funds or a timeframe in which the funds must be spent; (d) whether the funds are being provided as a loan or grant; and (e) the term and interest rate, if applicable, for the funds. If the Financial Commitment is a Home Equity Line of Credit (HELOC), the commitment letter must specify the funds are project-specific. If using an existing Line of Credit, funds must be available in the form of a cashier’s check and held by the Sponsor. All final financial commitments must be in place prior to SC Housing approving a commitment of SC Housing funds.

Funding Agreement - The written contract between SC Housing and the Sponsor. It contains the terms and conditions of the Housing Trust Fund award, states the award amount, the project’s purpose and the beneficiaries being served.

Household Income – The anticipated gross income of all adult household members to be received in the upcoming twelve (12) month period. For purposes of determining household income, the term household member includes any person who is 18 years of age or older who resides in the home, with the exception of foster adults or live-in-aides.

Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule (RRP) – The EPA’s 2008 Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule (as amended in 2010 and 2011) aims to protect the public from lead-based paint hazards associated with renovation, repair and painting activities, which can create hazardous lead dust when surfaces with lead paint are disturbed. The rule requires workers to be certified and trained in the use of lead-safe work practices, and requires renovation, repair and painting firms to be EPA-certified. Regulations for residential property renovation are located at 40 CFR 745, Subpart E. The EPA administers the lead-based paint activities program only where states, territories or tribes are **not** authorized by EPA to operate their own lead abatement programs. South Carolina is a state that is **not** authorized by the EPA to operate its own program. Information on EPA requirements for lead-based paint requirements can be found on the EPA’s website at the following link:

[Lead-Based Paint Abatement and Evaluation Program: Overview | US EPA](#)

Liquid Assets - SC Housing defines liquid assets as cash, cash equivalents, and investments held in the name of the beneficiaries, including cash in bank accounts, money market funds, U.S. Treasury bills, and equities traded on the New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ. Certain cash and investments will not be considered liquid assets, including, but not limited to: stock held in the applicant’s own company or any closely held entity, investments in retirement accounts, cash or investments pledged as collateral for any liability, grants for restricted purposes, and cash in property accounts including reserves.

Minor repair and maintenance activities - as defined by the EPA are activities, including minor heating, ventilation or air conditioning work, electrical work, and plumbing, that disrupt 6 square feet or less of painted surface per room for interior activities or 20 square feet or less of painted surface for exterior activities where none of the work practices prohibited or restricted by § 745.85(a)(3) are used and where the work does not involve window replacement or demolition of painted surface areas. When removing painted components, or portions of painted components, the entire surface area removed is the amount of painted surface disturbed. Jobs, other than emergency renovations, performed in the same room within the same 30 days must be considered the same job for the purpose of determining whether the job is a minor repair and maintenance activity. Renovations that do not meet the EPA’s definition of minor repair and maintenance activities are considered to be “covered” activities, meaning they do not meet the EPA’s exemption requirements.

Nonprofit Organization – A corporation: (a) exempt from income tax under section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; (b) registered with the Office of the South Carolina Secretary of State.

Project Delivery Fee – A monetary fee paid to the approved participant organization (Sponsor) for the successful completion of Home Repair projects.

Renovation – Means the modification of any existing structure, or portion thereof, that results in the disturbance of painted surfaces, unless that activity is performed as part of an abatement as defined by this part ([40 CFR 745.223](#)). The term renovation includes (but is not limited to): The removal, modification, or repair of painted surfaces or painted components (e.g., modification of painted doors, surface restoration, window repair, surface preparation activity (such as sanding, scraping, or other such activities that may generate paint dust)); the removal of building components (e.g., walls, ceilings, plumbing, windows); weatherization projects (e.g., cutting holes in painted surfaces to install blown-in insulation or to gain access to attics, planning thresholds to install weather-stripping), and interim controls that disturb painted surfaces. A renovation performed for the purpose of converting a building, or part of a building, into target housing or a child-occupied facility is a renovation under this subpart. The term renovation does not include minor repair and maintenance activities.

Restrictive Covenant- A promise in a written agreement or a deed of real property that restricts what the owner of the land can do with the property. Specifically, in the HTF program, if applicable, the restrictive covenant ensures those who live on the property comply with HTF requirements, including, but not limited to, income limitation. HTF legislation requires assisted properties to be occupied by low-income individuals for a period of twenty (20) years.

SC Housing – South Carolina State Housing Finance and Development Authority.

South Carolina Housing Trust Fund (SC HTF)-The South Carolina Housing Trust Fund is the trust fund created by Title 31, Chapter 13, Article 4 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina, as amended and as administered by the South Carolina State Housing Finance and Development Authority.

Sponsor – A Participant organization, municipalities, municipal associations, or Councils of Government approved to participate in the SC Housing Trust Fund Critical Home Repair Program that submits the Critical Home Repair applications on behalf of the Beneficiary (homeowner) and if the project is awarded, is responsible for administering the project.

Target Housing– Target housing is housing subject to the EPA’s Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Program and is defined by the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) as any housing constructed before 1978, except housing for the elderly or persons with disabilities or any 0-bedroom dwelling. However, target housing does include pre-1978 housing for the elderly or persons with disabilities, if any child under age six resides or is expected to reside in such housing. Housing for the elderly means retirement communities or similar types of housing reserved for households composed of one or more persons 62 years of age or more at the time of initial occupancy.

Total Construction Cost- Total construction costs include expenses associated with rehabilitation, along with testing, and remediation of hazardous materials. Home inspection fees are not included in total construction costs.

I. Home Repair Program Guidelines

The HTF Home Repair Program is designed to assist low-income homeowners in making repairs to their primary residence. The purpose of the program is to correct life, health and safety issues, provide accessibility for disabled persons, and repair or replace major housing systems. All awards are subject to the HTF legislation, all applicable state and federal regulations, and all other applicable SC Housing requirements. In situations where HTF Home Repair Program funds are not sufficient to complete all the necessary repairs, Sponsors may use other funding sources in conjunction with HTF dollars to ensure all necessary repair work can be completed. When additional funding sources are necessary to complete the work, the Sponsor must provide commitment letter(s) from each funding source identifying the amount of funds, any terms or conditions, whether funds will be provided as a loan or grant, and the required lien position, if applicable. SC Housing reserves the right to require additional information if necessary to determine a project's financial feasibility.

All necessary forms for preparing and submitting **Home Repair Applications** can be downloaded from SC Housing's website at: [SC Housing Trust Fund](#).

A. Eligible Sponsors:

1. The eligible Sponsors for the HTF Repair Program are nonprofit organizations, municipalities, municipal associations or Councils of Government approved to participate in the SC Housing Trust Fund. The approval process for participant organizations is contained in the **Participation Manual**.
2. Sponsors must operate within the defined service areas as identified in their **Participation Application** as evidenced in their charter, articles of incorporation or bylaws.
3. Sponsors must be EPA certified Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule firms to submit applications to assist with repairs to properties built prior to 1978, **if the proposed scope of work exceeds the EPA's definition of "minor repair and maintenance" activities" as defined on page 4 of this manual.**

Beginning April 22, 2010, an organization that performs, offers, or claims to perform renovations covered by the EPA's Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule must be certified by the EPA. A non-profit organization that offers to renovate the property of a third party for compensation, must be certified by the EPA as an RRP firm. Sponsors that are not EPA RRP certified firms may not submit applications to rehabilitate properties built prior to January 1, 1978 if the scope of work exceeds the EPA's definition of "minor repair and maintenance activities."

B. Eligible Beneficiaries:

1. Beneficiaries must own and reside in the property as their primary residence. Beneficiaries may not own any other improved real estate property at the time of application such as a second home or rental property.
2. Beneficiaries must be low-income with gross annual incomes that do not exceed eighty percent (80%) of the area median income. Current income limits are available on SC Housing's website at: [SC Housing](#)
 - a. Annual Income is determined by calculating the total anticipated annual income for all household members 18 and older from all sources for the upcoming twelve-month period beginning with the date of certification.
 - b. Sponsors are responsible for determining the total anticipated annual household income by examining and verifying source documents evidencing income (e.g., wage statement, interest statement, assets, unemployment compensation, social security benefits, etc.). If it is determined at any time before, during, or after the project has been completed that the Sponsor did not correctly calculate a beneficiary's household income, the Sponsor will be required to refund the entire HTF award if it is

determined that the household is over-income. If it is determined at any time that a beneficiary did not fully disclose all applicable sources of income, assets or household members residing in the home the award will be terminated and the beneficiary will be required to return all HTF awarded dollars disbursed for the project.

- c. Sponsors are responsible for informing beneficiaries of all types of income and assets that must be included in the calculation of household income. Sponsors must verify all sources of income for each adult household member including any person(s) living in other residential structures located on the property. The **(HTF-3A) Income and Asset Verification Form** must be completed by the Sponsor and signed by the beneficiary(ies). If applicable, the **(HTF-3B) Verification of Employment Form** must be completed by the household member's employer and obtained directly from the employer by the Sponsor. Third party income verification documentation is required for all anticipated annual income and must not be older than six (6) months when it is submitted with the Application. Sponsors are responsible for ensuring all forms of income and assets disclosed by beneficiaries are properly documented and included in the calculation of annual household income. Income tax returns are to be collected and must have all pertinent information correctly identified, have all schedules included, and must be for the most current tax year submission. Sponsors should refer to the **Determining Income Manual** for specific examples on how to calculate annual income.
- d. Sponsors are responsible for informing beneficiaries of HTF program requirements and ensuring beneficiaries are willing to comply with program requirements prior to proceeding with the preparation of Home Repair Applications. Sponsors must inform beneficiaries of the following program requirements that may affect their willingness to participate in the program:
 - Assistance of **\$15,000 or greater** will require a twenty-year (20) property restriction. Full and/or partial repayment is required for early release of property restrictions.
 - Beneficiaries must allow access to all areas of the home and property.
 - Unless otherwise approved by SC Housing, upon completion of rehabilitation, it is expected that the home meets the property standards identified in the **(HTF-2E) Housing Essential Property Standards Checklist**.
 - Beneficiaries are required to sign the **(HTF-1A) Beneficiary Certification** to certify they have been informed of program requirements and are willing to comply.
 - Beneficiaries are required to sign the **(HTF-1B) Hazardous Materials Affidavit**.
 - Beneficiaries are required to sign the **(HTF-1C) Hold Harmless Agreement**.
 - It may be necessary for the beneficiary to relocate while repairs and remediation of hazardous materials work is being completed. Beneficiaries are responsible for making temporary living arrangements if relocation is necessary. Beneficiaries are responsible for paying for any expenses incurred to relocate.
 - It may be necessary for the beneficiary to remove personal items from the home while work is completed. It is the responsibility of the beneficiary to remove the items and return them when the work is completed.
 - If at any time it is determined that the beneficiary did not fully disclose all sources of household income, assets, or household members residing in the home the HTF award will be terminated and any funding released for the project must be repaid by the beneficiary.
- e. Sponsors are required to collect the following documents **from ALL household members 18 years of age and older** to determine annual household income and verify property eligibility:
 - **(HTF-3B) Verification of Employment** for all employed household members.
 - Paystubs for the most recent ninety (90) day period from the date of the income certification.
 - Complete copies of each household member's prior year tax returns with W-2's, as applicable.

- For self-employed household members year-to-date financial statements that include profit & loss statements and a balance sheet along with complete copies of the last two (2) years' tax returns must be provided.
 - If applicable, documentation of court-ordered alimony or child support. Adequate documentation must be obtained from the Clerk of Court (i.e., divorce decree or any other official court-ordered document).
 - Third-party source documentation for income such as social security benefits, disability benefits, retirement and pension income, VA compensation, public assistance, dividends, interest, note receivables, and income from estate and trusts. Benefit letters must state income for the current year as of the date of application.
 - Most recent three (3) months of all bank account(s) statements from the date of the income certification.
 - Most recent statement of 401k, pension, and investment accounts, if applicable.
 - Documentation of unemployment benefits, if applicable.
 - Copy of most recent mortgage statement(s), if applicable.
 - Copy of property insurance policy, if applicable.
 - Copies of government-issued identification cards.
- f. The household's liquid assets may not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the value of the home (not including 401K or retirement account balances).
- g. Beneficiaries and household members who report zero income must each provide all of the following documentation:
- **(HTF-3C) Affidavit of Zero Income** –A narrative explaining the circumstances resulting in zero income must be provided on the form.
 - A copy of federal income tax returns submitted for the most current tax year. Tax returns must have all pertinent information correctly identified and all schedules included. If tax returns were not filed, please indicate such on the **(HTF-3C) Affidavit of Zero Income**.
 - If the entire household is reporting zero income, there must be documentation showing how utility bills are being paid. An example would include copies of canceled checks showing who paid the bills, a notarized letter from the individual who regularly pays the monthly bills, etc.

SC Housing will perform a detailed review of all zero-income certifications. At its discretion, SC Housing may require beneficiaries to provide an executed IRS Form 8821, which will authorize SC Housing to receive copies of income tax returns from the IRS, to verify reported income amounts. If required, this will be provided in addition to the other required HTF income certification forms and documentation.

SC Housing reserves the right to verify all information collected and its supporting documentation to ensure the beneficiary household is qualified. The information provided must be complete and accurate. **Income certifications must be completed within thirty (30) days of submitting the Initial Home Repair application to SC Housing.**

C. Eligible Properties:

1. Beneficiaries must own the property and utilize the property as their primary residence. Beneficiaries may not own any other improved real estate property at the time of application such as a second home or rental property. Ownership of the property must meet one of the following conditions:
 - a. **Property Owned by Beneficiary:** The Sponsor must provide a warranty deed in the name of the

beneficiary(ies) for whom the funding is sought. The deed must be legible and recorded with the Register of Deeds or the Clerk of Court in the county in which the property is located. It must indicate the book and page numbers, the date recorded, and the office where recorded. Mortgages are not deeds and may not be submitted as proof of ownership. Sponsors are responsible for obtaining a copy of the recorded deed for the property to document ownership.

- b. **Property Owned by Beneficiary and Deceased Person:** The Sponsor must provide a warranty deed in the name of the deceased and the beneficiary(ies) for whom the funding is sought, a death certificate, and a Deed of Distribution showing the property has been transferred to the beneficiary. The deed and Deed of Distribution must be legible and recorded with the Register of Deeds or Clerk of Court in the county in which the property is located. It must indicate the book and page number, the date recorded, and the office where recorded. If the Deed of Distribution transfers the property to persons in addition to the beneficiary(ies) for whom the funding is sought, **all** owners of the property will be required to agree to the proposed rehabilitation, program requirements, and to sign **(HTF-1A) Beneficiary Certification** indicating such. Where/When a person has acquired full title as the surviving party in a Deed of Joint Tenancy with Right of Survivorship, a copy of the filed deed must be provided along with a death certificate for the deceased co-title holder.
 - c. **Property Owned by Beneficiary as a Life Estate:** The Sponsor must provide a deed indicating a life estate in the name of the beneficiary(ies) for whom funding is sought. The deed must be legible and recorded with the Register of Deeds or Clerk of Court in the county in which the property is located. It must indicate the book and page where recorded, the date recorded, and the office where recorded. The Sponsor must also provide documentation indicating the beneficiary(ies) have been granted the right by the grantor of the life estate to encumber the property. The holder of the life estate and the person(s) to whom the property transfers after the life estate ends will be required to agree to the proposed rehabilitation, program requirements, and to sign the **(HTF-1A) Beneficiary Certification** indicating such.
2. Eligible homes must meet the substandard housing definition pursuant to South Carolina Code of Laws, Article 4, Section 31-13-410(7) as follows: housing which, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age, or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of these factors, is conducive to ill health, the transmission of disease, or has an adverse effect upon the public health, safety, morals, or welfare of its inhabitants. **However, homes that are not structurally sound or have excessive damage that cannot be rehabilitated into a safe, decent, habitable condition with the available funding sources do not qualify for the HTF Home Repair Program.**
 3. **The Sponsor must make two important initial determinations** regarding the eligibility of the home prior to submitting the **Home Repair Application**. **First**, the Sponsor must verify the age of the home. If the home was built prior to January 1, 1978 and the scope of work is “covered” by the EPA’s RRP Rule, the application cannot be submitted if the Sponsor is not an EPA certified RRP firm. **Second**, the Sponsor is required to complete a walk-through inspection of the entire home (interior and exterior) and site to make a preliminary determination as to whether the home will be eligible for the SC Housing Home Repair Program (refer to Eligible Properties, pg. 10, bullet 2).
 - a. Sponsor (and contractor if possible) are required to complete an initial walk-through inspection of the entire home (interior and exterior) **and** site to make a preliminary determination as to whether the home will be eligible for the SC Housing Home Repair Program **prior to** submitting the **Initial Home Repair Application**.
 - b. Sponsors must document the walk-through inspection by submitting photographs per **Appendix B Section VI, A** of the interior and exterior of the property with the **Initial Application**. Sponsors must utilize this walk-through inspection to evaluate the repairs necessary to consider the property safe, decent, and sanitary, and to determine if the home can be repaired within the funding limitations of the program and any additional non-SC Housing funding being provided.

- c. Upon the approval of the **Initial Application**, SC Housing inspection staff will notify the Sponsor to engage the services of a Home Inspector to conduct an inspection of the home.
4. Utilizing HTF Home Repair funds for the purpose of preparing a home for sale or title transfer is not allowable.
5. The pre-renovation tax assessed value (land plus improvements) of the property must not exceed ninety-five percent (95%) of the median purchase price for the area based on federal FHA single family mortgage program data for existing housing and other appropriate data that are available for sale of existing housing in standard condition. These **home value limits** are updated annually for each county and are listed in **Appendix C**.
6. Manufactured housing/mobile homes must have been built within **twenty-five (25) years** of the date of the Application. The beneficiary must own the manufactured housing/mobile home and must have a deed to the land and title or proof of ownership of the home. Proof of ownership of the mobile home must include one or more of the following documents: title from the Department of Motor Vehicles; property tax bill from the most recent tax year which specifically includes the mobile home; and/or a mortgage statement or sales contract for the mobile home. SC Housing retains its sole discretion in determining whether sufficient proof of ownership of the mobile home has been provided. SC Housing will not process or approve an application unless at least one of the required documents identified above is provided to document ownership and year manufactured.
7. Residential properties also serving as a place of business are ineligible for HTF Home Repair assistance. This includes properties being used for business purposes where the goods and/or services being provided require consumers to enter the residence or property to access such goods and/or services. Examples of residential properties being utilized for business purposes include, but are not limited to cosmetology services, childcare, wardrobe alterations, auto/small engine repair, etc. In addition, any parcel of property that contains an operational business or commercial property on the same parcel as the residential building is also ineligible for HTF assistance.
8. Repairs will not be performed on a home that is at risk of or in the process of being foreclosed or is subject to tax or judgment liens. The Sponsor must provide documentation from the tax assessor that demonstrates that property taxes are current and if applicable, a current copy of the owner's mortgage statement demonstrating payments are not delinquent.
9. Documentation of the year built must be submitted with the application to determine the applicability of compliance with the EPA's Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Program Rule. **The preferred method to document the year built is providing documentation from the county tax assessor's website.** If documentation of year built is not available on the county's website the following alternative sources of year built are acceptable: property appraisal, bill of sale, or mobile home title. If these resources are not available, Sponsors should contact SC Housing's HTF staff to determine if the year built can be documented using an alternative source or if it's necessary, depending upon the planned repair, it must be inspected for hazards associated with the presence of lead-based paint or may be presumed to have lead-based paint hazards and proceed in accordance with lead-based paint regulatory requirements.
10. To assist with finding qualified contractors it is recommended that bid solicitations are advertised on the South Carolina Business Opportunities (SCBO) website. Information on SCBO can be accessed at <https://scbo.sc.gov/>

D. Beneficiary Selection Procedures:

Approved HTF non-profit Sponsors must have beneficiary selection procedures that are compliant with fair housing laws and regulations. Sponsors must maintain written waiting lists from which beneficiaries are selected in chronological order. The process for evaluating an applicant's request for assistance must be reasonable, adhere to program eligibility and acceptance requirements, and be handled in a consistent manner with the purpose of providing assistance to eligible low-income and very low-income beneficiaries. If applicable, identify target

population preferences and include a description of the method of prioritization used. Sponsors must provide prompt written notification to all applicants that do not qualify for HTF assistance. Such written notifications must include the reason(s) the household or property was determined to be ineligible. Waiting lists must contain information that is sufficient enough to allow the Sponsor to periodically maintain the list and remove applicants if necessary, that no longer wish to pursue assistance. The following information should be maintained on each waiting list: Applicant Name, Address, Phone, Email Address, Date/Time Applicant is put on the list, and if applicable, the reason for denial or removal from the waiting list. Sponsors may choose to close waiting lists if it is determined that the number of applicants on the list would prevent an applicant's application from being evaluated in a reasonable amount of time; i.e., a Sponsor on average completes ten (10) Home Repair projects per year and the waiting list already contains thirty (30) interested applicants. **Sponsors are required to notify SC Housing when waiting lists are opened and closed.**

E. Environmental Requirements:

SC Housing inspection staff will notify the Sponsor during the **Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection** which if any areas of the home need to be tested for the below hazardous materials. Sponsors are not to incur expenses for environmental testing unless they are notified during the inspection process that testing is necessary.

Lead-Based Paint - All properties built **prior to January 1, 1978** are subject to the Environmental Protection Agency's Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Program (RRP) Rule.

- [EPA's Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Program \(RRP\) Rule](#)
- [Find an RRP Certified Firm](#)

Radon - Projects that are located in Greenville county are subject to the radon regulatory requirements of ANSI/AARST MAH 2023 and SGM-SF 2023 .

- <https://standards.aarst.org/MAH-2023/index.html#zoom=z>
- <https://standards.aarst.org/SGM-SF-2023/index.html#zoom=z>

Mold - Properties are subject to testing and remediation in the event potential mold is suspected during an inspection and/or while work is being undertaken on the property. If mold is suspected, Sponsors must contact SC Housing for approval prior to incurring expenses to have the mold tested.

Asbestos – Properties that do not meet DHEC exemption criteria identified in [Regulation 61-86.1 Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects](#) are subject to regulatory requirements governing asbestos. For example, regulatory requirements are triggered by hiring a person or persons holding an asbestos abatement license to perform work or can also be triggered if the Sponsor hires the same owner/operator to perform work on four or more homes located within a compact area or “city block” within a twelve-month period. Sponsors and owners/operators must contact DHEC directly to determine whether or not a project is considered to be an asbestos project if they are unsure if the home or homes are exempt from regulatory requirements. An owner/operator is defined by DHEC as “Any person or contractor who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises a facility being demolished or renovated, or any person who operates, controls, or supervises the demolition or renovation operation, or both.” The testing and remediation of asbestos are eligible expenses for projects that are determined not to be exempt from asbestos regulatory requirements and also, if the property is exempt; however, the homeowner requests to have testing and remediation included in the scope of work.

F. Eligible Repairs:

1. Eligible repairs must not be covered by existing insurance policies.
2. Eligible repairs will be determined by the completion of the **(HTF-2E) Essential Property Standards Checklist**, which is to be completed by a licensed Home Inspector.
3. The **(HTF-2E) Essential Property Standards Checklist** will be evaluated on-site by SC Housing inspection

staff to determine the scope of work to be included on the **(HTF-2B) Work Write-Up(s)**. Refer to **Appendices A & B** for further information. The SC Housing Inspector will determine the scope of work and essential repairs needed to eliminate life, health and safety issues to the occupants.

4. **Homes built prior to January 1, 1978** - If the scope of work is “covered” by the EPA’s RRP Rule, the Sponsor must be an EPA RRP certified firm and use an EPA certified RRP renovator to **test components utilizing EPA-recognized paint test kit (3M™ LeadCheck™, D-Lead®), sending a paint chip sample to a [National Lead Laboratory Accreditation Program certified lab](#), or performing X-ray fluorescence (XRF) testing for the presence of lead-based paint.** If the test results are positive, an EPA certified RRP renovator must be used to perform the renovations that will disturb painted surfaces. <https://www.epa.gov/lead/lead-renovation-repair-and-painting-program> Sponsors that are EPA RRP certified firms that have an employee that is an EPA RRP certified Renovator may allow that employee to perform testing using an EPA certified test kits. Reimbursement for the cost of the test kits are an eligible expense.

II. Eligible Activities

The Home Repair Program activity is designed to assist low-income (80% and below Area Median Income as determined by household size and county of residence) homeowners in making needed and essential repairs to their homes to eliminate life, health, and safety issues to the occupants.

A. Funding Limitations:

1. Minimum amount of assistance per property is **\$5,000**.
2. Properties may qualify for up to **\$75,000** for repairs and/or replacements, including the testing and remediation of asbestos, lead-based paint, radon, and/or mold.
3. Manufactured/Mobile homes may qualify for up to **\$40,000** for repairs and/or replacements, including the remediation of asbestos, radon, and/or mold testing and remediation expenses.
4. All beneficiaries receiving HTF assistance equal to or exceeding **\$15,000** are required to execute a restrictive covenant that will be recorded against the property. The restrictive covenant includes the financing terms and restricts occupancy of the property to low-income households for a period of twenty years. The assistance amount identified in the restrictive covenant initially will be an amount “up to” what is permitted by the program. At project completion, the assistance amount will be revised to the actual amount provided to the beneficiary through an amendment to the restrictive covenant which must be recorded. If changes to the scope of work occur that increase the assistance amount to \$15,000 or greater for a project that was not expected to be at or over \$15,000 the additional repair work may not commence until the signed and recorded restrictive covenant has been submitted to SC Housing.
5. For beneficiaries with prior HTF awards, the homeowner may request additional repair assistance. Additional HTF assistance will require the execution and recordation of an amendment to the existing restrictive covenant to address the increased assistance amount. The additional assistance does not require the affordability period to be extended beyond the twenty-year affordability period. Restrictive covenants must be recorded by the register of deeds/clerk of court’s office in the county in which the property is located. All subsequent requests for assistance must be for a minimum of \$5,000 of eligible repairs and may not exceed the per-property maximums as described.
6. Sponsors are eligible to request a **Project Delivery Fee** for successfully completed projects in an amount that is the greater of 15% of total construction costs or \$1,000. Project Delivery Fees are not included in the property maximums described above. Total construction costs include expenses associated with rehabilitation, testing and remediation of hazardous materials.

B. Limitations on Open Home Repair Projects:

- **Level I:** Applicants with minimum unrestricted net liquid assets of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) may have one (1) Home Repair or Critical Home Repair project open at a time. Experienced Level I Sponsors may request an increase in the number of open applications, subject to evaluation by SC Housing. The evaluation considers factors such as timely construction initiation, meeting deadlines without extensions, and compliance with program requirements.
- **Level II:** Applicants with minimum unrestricted net liquid assets of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) may have up to two (2) Home Repair and/or Critical Home Repair project open at a time. Experienced Level II Sponsors may request an increase in the number of open applications, subject to evaluation by SC Housing. The evaluation considers factors such as timely construction initiation, meeting deadlines without extensions, and compliance with program requirements.
- SC Housing may further limit the number of open awards for each Sponsor based upon the progress and performance of the Sponsor. Specifically, SC Housing may deny applications where records indicate the Sponsor's previous performance shows incidents involving substantiated unresolved contractor and/or homeowner complaints, missing scheduled inspections, and/or missing project completion deadlines, etc.
- If the Sponsor does not complete projects and/or expend funds according to the specified timeframes, SC Housing reserves the right to deny future applications for funding until the open projects are completed and closed. Additionally, projects may be terminated at any time due to documented evidence of unsatisfactory productivity or issues of non-compliance with program requirements.

C. Project Completion Requirements:

- Projects less than **\$15,000** must be closed out within **ninety (90) days** of the date of the **Scope of Work Inspection** approval.
- Projects equal to or greater than **\$15,000** must be closed out within **one hundred twenty (120) days** of the date of the **Scope of Work Inspection** approval.
- For projects to be considered closed out all paperwork must be finalized and all project funds disbursed in accordance with the **Funding Agreement**.
- If a project is not going to be completed by the deadline identified in the **Funding Agreement** the Sponsor must submit via email a request for an extension to the HTF Manager and HTF Program Coordinator. The request must include the reason for the project delays and the expected timeframe for completion. The request will be evaluated based upon the circumstances of the delay(s).
- Sponsors and/or contractors may be suspended or debarred from participation in the HTF program for projects not being completed within the completion timeframes stated above. Refer to SC Housing's [Suspension and Debarment Policy](#).

III. Application Process- General Requirements

Home Repair Applications are submitted in five steps. **STEP ONE:** The submittal of the **Initial Application (Tabs 1 & 2)** to determine household and preliminary property eligibility. This step requires the submittal of photos from the Sponsor's **Initial Walk-through Inspection** as instructed in **Appendix B, Rehabilitation Construction Repair Standards, Section VI, A**. **STEP TWO: (Tab 3)** is to request the **Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection** to identify the deficiencies in the home to be corrected and determine if any areas of the home need to be tested for hazardous materials. **STEP THREE: (Tabs 4 & 5)** is the submittal of the **Full Application** to finalize the scope of work to be completed on the home and verify contractors have the appropriate credentials, insurance and licenses to complete the work. **STEP FOUR:** execution of **Agreement for Residential Repair Services, Funding Agreement**, the recorded **Restrictive Covenants** (if applicable), and **Building Permits**. **STEP FIVE:** Change Orders, Notification Requirements, Disbursements, Final

Inspections and Project Delivery Fee.

Sponsors must submit all pages of the SC Housing **Home Repair Applications** and all required documentation identified in the **Application Checklist**. Applications must include all supporting documentation and must be organized in the order listed on the checklist. Applications submitted with outdated documents and/or forms, etc. will not be accepted. SC Housing will not rely on any previously submitted information, written or verbal, to evaluate a **Home Repair Application**.

Applications for Home Repairs can be submitted at any time. Applications must adhere to tabbing guidelines. Applications may be submitted on a thumb drive or digitally. Hard copies of applications will not be accepted. Applications will NOT be accepted by facsimile and/or e-mail transmission. Thumb drives may be delivered by hand, mail, or other shipping services delivered to:

South Carolina State Housing Finance and Development Authority
ATTN: Development Division - HTF
300-C Outlet Pointe Blvd.
Columbia, SC 29210

Applications may be submitted by uploading the application to SC Housing's secure file upload which can be accessed using the following link: [SC Housing Secure File Exchange](#).

When using the SC Housing secure file upload the Application including all required documents and photographs must be submitted as one PDF file. Files must be appropriately named to clearly identify the specific application that is being submitted. An example of an acceptable file name = (Beneficiary Last Name - Property Street Address - County)

The Home Repair Application and all items identified on the **Home Repair Application Checklist** must be submitted for each beneficiary. The Application requires the submittal of photos as instructed in **Appendix B, Rehabilitation Construction Repair Standards, Section VI, A**.

IV. **Application Submittal Process Steps**

The process steps will differ depending on the age of the property and the absence or presence of asbestos, lead-based paint, radon, and/or mold. Regulatory environmental requirements must be adhered to as applicable when undertaking the application process.

STEP ONE:

1. The Sponsor will submit the **Initial Home Repair Application** with photos as per **Appendix B Section VI, A** and all required information included in **Tabs 1 and 2** of the **Home Repair Application Checklist**.
2. SC Housing will review the **Initial Application** for completeness and determine if the Sponsor, Beneficiary, and property meet initial program eligibility requirements related to certification, household income, property ownership, residential use, etc. The Sponsor will be notified via email of any deficiencies and/or if the property or beneficiary household has been determined to be ineligible for assistance. If additional information or documents are requested and are not provided by the Sponsor within thirty (30) days, the Application will be deemed withdrawn. Once the **Initial Application documentation** is approved a **SC Housing Inspector will schedule a Property Assessment Inspection** to determine if the project can be completed within the available budget for the repairs. If the project passes the **Property Assessment Inspection** the Sponsor will be notified to proceed with preparing and submitting **Tab 3 of the Application**. **Tab 3 of the Application** must be submitted within sixty (60) days of approval of the Initial Application.
3. To prepare **Tab 3 of the Application** the Sponsor will utilize the services of a licensed Home Inspector to

complete an evaluation of the condition of the home. The Sponsor must forward the Program Coordinator the contact information for the selected Home Inspector. A member of the SC Housing Inspection team will contact and communicate directly with the Home Inspector to explain the Essential Property Standards, Checklist, and requirements of the Home Inspection and provide the Home Inspector with the **(HTF-2E) Essential Property Standards Checklist**. Once completed **the Home Inspector will submit the completed (HTF-2E) Essential Property Standards Checklist along with the Home Inspection Report and Home Inspector's credentials to your SC Housing Program Coordinator**. The **Home Inspection Report, (HTF-2E) Essential Property Standards Checklist, License, and Insurance** will be reviewed for correctness and completeness. Once it is determined that the information provided is correct and complete the reports will be emailed to the sponsor for their records. At this time the Sponsor will submit an **(HTF-2A) Home Repair Inspection Request Form** to request the **Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection**. The inspection request must include all required information included in **Tab 3** of the **Home Repair Application Checklist**. **Sponsors are not to incur any expenses related to the Home Inspection unless they are notified to do so during the Property Assessment Inspection by an SC Housing inspector.**

STEP TWO:

4. The **Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection** will be scheduled by an SC Housing inspector to review the **(HTF-2E) SC Housing Essential Property Standards Checklist and Home Inspection report** at the property with the Sponsor and contractor(s) present at the project site. The **Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection** will be used to determine the scope of work and identify which areas of the home need to undergo RRP lead-based paint, asbestos, radon, and/or mold testing, if applicable. **Sponsors are not to incur any expenses related to testing for hazardous materials unless they are notified to do so during the Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection by an SC Housing inspector.**
5. **For Properties Built Before January 1, 1978**
 - a. If repairs and/or replacements are planned to occur on “covered” painted surfaces on homes built before 1978 the Sponsor and contractor are responsible for following the EPA’s Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Program Rule (RRP). **Sponsors must be EPA certified RRP firms to assist homes built before 1978 that include renovations that will disturb “covered” painted surfaces. This includes hiring an EPA certified renovator to test painted areas that will be disturbed for the presence of lead-based paint prior to completing the application and WWU (’s).** See the links below for a listing of EPA certified lead-based renovation contractors and to find out how to become an EPA certified RRP firm:
<https://cfpub.epa.gov/flpp/pub/index.cfm?do=main.firmSearch>
[Renovation, Repair and Painting Program: Firm Certification | US EPA](#)
 - b. **Prior to Lead testing**, the Sponsor is responsible for providing the homeowner the following pamphlet: **EPA’s Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right** Sponsors are responsible for documenting the homeowner received the pamphlet by having them sign **the (HTF-5C) Receipt of EPA’s The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right**, regardless of the test results.
 - c. Sponsors, regardless of the test results, are responsible for providing homeowners copies of the **“Test Kit Documentation Form (’s)”** completed by the RRP Renovator to detect lead-based paint in the painted areas to be disturbed. Sponsors must also document test results that were provided to the homeowner by having them sign the **(HTF -5B) Receipt of Pre-Renovation Hazardous Materials Test Results form**.
 - d. If the scope of work will disturb painted surfaces the Sponsor is responsible for hiring an EPA certified renovator to complete the scope of work and providing the renovation contractor a copy of the **EPA’s “Small Entity Compliance Guide to Renovate Right.”** [small_entity_guide_9-23-11_w_new_cover.pdf \(epa.gov\)](#). Contractors must sign the **(HTF-5A) Receipt of the Small Entity Compliance Guide to Renovate Right** to acknowledge receipt of the pamphlet.
6. **For All Properties Regardless of Year Built**. After the **Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection** has been completed the Sponsor is responsible for utilizing the services of a certified asbestos radon and/or mold testing firm to evaluate the areas of the home **identified** in the completed **(HTF-2E) SC Housing Essential**

Property Standards Checklist for the presence of asbestos, radon and/or mold **if instructed by SC Housing Inspection Staff**. If asbestos, radon, and/or mold is determined to be present, the Sponsor is responsible for obtaining quotes from appropriately certified firms to remediate and/or abate the asbestos, radon, and/or mold as prescribed in the environmental tester's inspection report (i.e. remediation and or abatement method, disposal requirements, air monitoring requirements, clearance testing, etc.). Requirements will vary based on the test results.

- a. Refer to the links below for a listing of qualified asbestos testing firms:
 - [SC DHEC Asbestos Contractors and Consultants Search](#)
 - b. Refer to the links below for a listing of qualified Radon testing firms for properties in Greenville County:
 - [American Association of Radon Scientists and Technologists \(AARST\) - National Radon Proficiency Program \(NRPP\)](#)
 - [National Radon Safety Board](#)
 - c. Mold remediation contractors must hold a national certification such as IICRC or OSHA. Consult your local professional mold remediation company for testing.
7. When testing is necessary, Sponsors are responsible for providing homeowners copies of all pre-renovation test results completed to detect the presence of lead, radon, and/or mold. Homeowners are required to acknowledge receipt of these documents and reports by completing the below forms, if applicable.
- a. **(HTF-5B) Receipt of Pre-Renovation Hazardous Materials Test Results**
8. If the scope of work requires the homeowner to vacate the home while the work is being completed it is the responsibility of the Sponsor and Contractor to notify the homeowner. Homeowners are responsible for finding a place to relocate to during construction and if necessary; for moving any personal items such as furniture, clothing, appliances, etc. into storage and back into the home after work is complete. Homeowners are required to execute the **(HTF-1B) Hazardous Materials Affidavit** that is submitted with the **Initial Home Repair Application** to acknowledge this responsibility.

STEP THREE:

9. Once the Sponsor receives all hazardous materials testing results (if applicable), completed **(HTF-2B) Work Write-Up's** for remediation (if applicable), completed **(HTF-2B) Work Write-Up's** for repairs, quotes, invoicing and compile all the information necessary they can submit the **Full Application (Tabs 4 & 5)** to request the **Scope of Work Inspection**. The **Full Application** and **Scope of Work Inspection** must be submitted within sixty (60) days of the **Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection** completion.
10. **Scope of Work Inspection**. Sponsor will submit all information required in **Tabs 4 & 5 of the SC Home Repair Application Checklist**. The Sponsor is responsible for submitting to SC Housing copies of all invoices, environmental inspections, test results, quotes, **(HTF-2B) Work Write-Up Forms (WWU's)**, licenses, certifications, and insurance certificates for all work to be completed such as: lead-based paint, asbestos and/or mold testing, remediation and/or abatement, radon testing and control, pest control, and on-site storage, rehabilitation, etc. SC Housing staff will review the invoices, environmental inspections, test results, quotes, and **(HTF-2B) Work Write-Up Forms (WWU's)** to determine if the **(HTF-2E) SC Housing Essential Property Standards** will be met and the project can go forward based on the amount of available funding. A separate **(HTF-2B) Work Write-Up Form** must be provided for each contract.
11. If it is determined that a project is not going forward due to the conditions of the home, property, and or cost the Sponsors may request to be reimbursed for the Home Inspection & EPSCL, Lead, Asbestos, Mold, and Radon environmental inspections costs that were required for the project. The requirements for these can be found in **Appendix B Section V. Project Cost, A. Allowable Cost, 3., c., d., e. and f.**

STEP FOUR:

12. Once the **Scope of Work Inspection** is approved SC Housing staff will send the Sponsor an **Agreement ('s) for Residential Repair Services, Funding Agreement and Restrictive Covenants** (if applicable).

13. The Sponsor must return an executed copy of the **Agreement for Residential Repair Services, Funding Agreement**, the recorded **Restrictive Covenants** (if applicable), and **Building Permits** to SC Housing.
 - a. The Sponsor must submit copies of all necessary permits with copies of the paid invoices/receipts for those permits.
 - b. The invoice/receipts must clearly show the governmental department that issued the permit and how much was paid for the permit. Generally, the “job value” amount listed on a building permit or a combination of building permits should equal the total amount on the approved **(HTF-2B) Work Write-Up (‘s)**.
 - c. All permits must be pulled by the contractor not the Sponsor, there will be no exceptions.
 - d. To ensure permits are matched with the appropriate project, Sponsors must write the HTF project number on the permits and receipts if the permits and receipts to do not contain information sufficient to identify the project address they will not be accepted.
 - e. All permits must be posted on-site and be easily visible. If any construction and or repair work is undertaken on an HTF project prior to permits being pulled, the Sponsor and/or Contractor may be suspended or debarred from the HTF program.
14. Once the **Agreement (‘s) for Residential Repair Services, Funding Agreement**, the recorded **Restrictive Covenant** (if applicable), and **Building Permits** are received and reviewed SC Housing staff will send the sponsor an **(HTF-2G) Notice to Proceed**. Once the Sponsor receives the **(HTF-2G) Notice to Proceed** they shall complete it and return it back to SC Housing staff. At this point, construction and/or repair work may begin. **If any construction and/or repair work is undertaken on an HTF project prior to the above documents being executed and returned to SC Housing, the Sponsor and or Contractor may be suspended or debarred from the HTF program and work will be ineligible for reimbursement.**

STEP FIVE:

15. **Change Orders.** Any changes to the scope of work or cost of an approved **(HTF-2B) Work Write- Up** must be requested by the Sponsor using the **(HTF-2C) Change Order Request Form** and the process as outlined in **Appendix B**. All change orders must be approved by SC Housing prior to proceeding with repairs. If changes to the scope of work occur that increase the assistance amount to \$15,000 or greater for a project that was not expected to be at or over \$15,000 the additional repair work may not commence until the signed and recorded restrictive covenant has been submitted to SC Housing and an additional **(HTF - 2G) Notice to Proceed** is provided to the Sponsor.
16. **Post Renovation Notification Requirements.** If the scope of work requires lead, asbestos, radon and/or mold remediation, the Sponsor is responsible for providing the homeowner copies of post-remediation reports. The homeowner must acknowledge receipt of the report by signing the **(HTF-5D) Receipt of Post-Renovation Hazardous Materials Test Results** form.
17. **Disbursements.** Home Repair projects are eligible to receive interim draws for soft cost and construction costs as contracts are completed and work is approved by SC Housing. Disbursements may be requested per trade/contractor when all work is completed, or an alternate draw schedule may be agreed to as determined by SC Housing at the request of the contractor. Disbursement requests for the Home Inspector can be submitted after the **Preliminary Scope of Work Inspection** has been submitted. Disbursement requests for Environmental testing can be submitted after the **Scope of Work Inspection** has been submitted. Requests can be made by following the steps described in bullet #19 and #20 below. Project Delivery Fees will not be paid until the project has passed its final inspection and documentation that all contractors have been paid has been provided to SC Housing
18. When the scope of work for a contract is complete, the Sponsor may request an **Interim Inspection with Draw** or **Final Inspection** from SC Housing within three (3) business days by submitting the following:
 - a. **(HTF-2A) Inspection Request Form**
 - b. Approved final inspection from local building department, if applicable.

- c. Photos of all completed repairs as per **Appendix B Section VI, B**.
 - d. HVAC product/equipment registration - verification of warranty registration, if applicable.
 - e. **(HTF-2D) Certification of Work Completed**
 - f. If applicable, copies of disposal records for asbestos.
 - g. If applicable, copies of clearance reports for asbestos abatement and air monitoring.
 - h. If applicable, mold remediation reports.
 - i. If applicable copies of certifications from homeowners acknowledging receipt of post-remediation test results for the remediation of lead-based paint, asbestos, and/or mold.
 - j. **(HTF-5D) Receipt of Post Renovation Hazardous Materials Test Results**, if applicable
 - k. Trade/Contractor/WWU's that required RRP procedures; the Firm shall submit their completed **Renovation Recordkeeping Checklist**.
19. Once the **Interim Inspection with Draw** or **Final Inspection** is approved for the scope of work included in the contract, the Sponsor may submit a request for payment to pay the contractor. To request a disbursement the following items must be provided:
- a. **(HTF-4A) Draw Request for Payment Form**
 - b. **Copy of the contractor's invoice** for the work completed.
 - c. If a multi-contractor/multi-trade project has been completed, the Sponsor must provide **a. and b.** above for each contractor.
20. Once the Sponsor receives payment for the completed scope of work, the Sponsor has **seven (7) business days** to deliver payment and obtain the signature of the contractor using the **(HTF-4C) Payment Certification Form**, indicating that the contractor has received payment in full for the construction work performed.
It is essential that contractors are paid promptly. If the Sponsor does not pay the Contractor for the approved work within **seven (7) business days** of receiving the HTF disbursement, this is considered a violation of program requirements.
21. Once all contractors have received payment for completed work, the following items must be submitted to SC Housing to request the **Project Delivery Fee**.
- a. **(HTF-4A) Draw Request for Payment Form**
 - b. **(HTF-4C) Certification of Payment**
 - c. Copy of cashed/cancelled check(s) given to the contractor(s) by the Sponsor reflecting full payment for all construction cost and services along with contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens.
22. The Sponsor is required to provide the beneficiary all warranty documents and a copy of all documentation that the beneficiary signed throughout the **Home Repair Application** process within **two (2) weeks of project completion**. If these materials are not provided to the homeowner within the required timeframe this is considered a violation of program requirements.

V. Rehabilitation Construction Standards

Refer to **Appendix A: Essential Property Standards** and **Appendix B: Rehabilitation Construction Repair Standards** for further information.

HOME REPAIR FORMS INDEX

Sponsors must utilize the appropriate **Home Repair Application Checklist** to ensure all required documentation is submitted.

Beneficiary Certification.....	HTF-1A
Hazardous Materials Affidavit.....	HTF-1B
Hold Harmless Agreement.....	HTF-1C
Home Repair Inspection Request Form.....	HTF-2A
Work Write-Up Form.....	HTF-2B
Change Order Request Form.....	HTF-2C
Certification of Work Completed.....	HTF-2D
Essential Property Standards Checklist.....	HTF-2E
Notice to Proceed.....	HTF-2G
Income and Asset Verification.....	HTF-3A
Verification of Employment.....	HTF-3B
Affidavit of Zero Income.....	HTF-3C
Declaration of Citizenship.....	HTF-3D
HTF Draw Request for Payment.....	HTF-4A
Certification of Payment.....	HTF-4C
Receipt of the EPA's Small Entity Compliance Guide to Renovate Right.....	HTF-5A
Receipt of Pre-Renovation Hazardous Material Test Results.....	HTF-5B
Receipt of EPA's The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right.....	HTF-5C
Receipt of Post-Renovation Hazardous Material Test Results.....	HTF-5D

The forms provided in this manual are available on SC Housing's website @ [SC Housing Trust Fund](#). Contact your assigned HTF Program Coordinator if you have any questions or technical issues with the forms.